

Agenda: 9/29/15

Period 3

Period 4

HW leader:

Lesson 4b

Related rates

Quiz 5 on Friday Lessons 39-47, no 4b

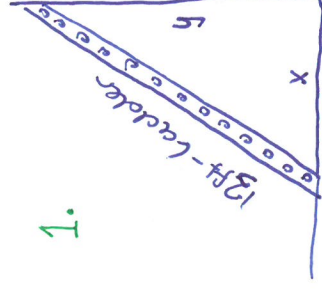
Related rates problems

- Given rates of one or more quantities
- Solve for another rate related to these

Ex.

A 13-foot ladder leans against a wall but the base of the ladder begins slipping away from the wall at a rate of 1 foot per second. Find the rate at which the top of the ladder is falling when the base of the ladder is 12 feet from the wall.

1. Draw a picture, label variables, knowns
2. Write down given rates and which to find.
3. Relate variables in an equation
4. Differentiate to relate rates

 y = height on wall x = distance from wall

Ex 4.6.3 An inverted cone of height 9 cm and diameter 6 cm is leaking water at a rate of $1 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$.

Find the rate at which the water level h is changing when $h = 3 \text{ cm}$.

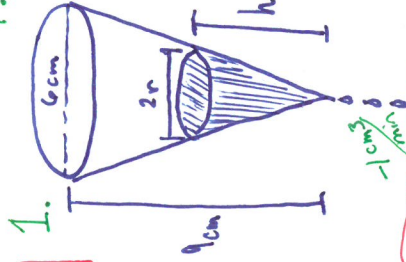
2. $\frac{dV}{dt} = -1 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$ find $\frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{h=3}$ relate V and h
3. $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$ $r = \frac{h}{3}$ $r = 1$ $h = 3$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \frac{h^3}{9}$$

$$\therefore \frac{dV}{dt} = \pi \frac{h^2}{9} \frac{dh}{dt} \quad -1 = \pi \left(\frac{9}{9} \right) \frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{h=3}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{h=3} = -\frac{1}{\pi} \text{ cm/min}$$

The water level is dropping at a rate of $\frac{1}{\pi} \text{ cm/min}$.



2. $\frac{dx}{dt} = 2 \text{ ft/s}$ find $\frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=12}$ relate x and y

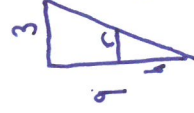
$$x^2 + y^2 = 13^2 \quad x = 12 \quad y = 5$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$2(12)(2) + 2(5) \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=12} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=12} = -\frac{24}{5} \text{ ft/s}$$

The top of the ladder is falling at a rate of $\frac{24}{5} \text{ ft/s}$.



$r = \frac{h}{3}$ h = height of water
 r = radius

 V = volume

Agenda: 9/30/15

HW leader: None

Lesson 46:

Related rates

★ Handout
Related rates WS

Quiz 5 on Friday

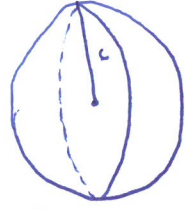
Ex. A snowball is melting at a rate of $\frac{1}{2} \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$. Find the rate of change of the surface area when the volume is $36\pi \text{ cm}^3$.

2. $\frac{dV}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{min}}$ Find $\left. \frac{dA}{dt} \right|_{V=36\pi}$ Relate V and A

3. $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ $A = 4\pi r^2$

$$r = \left(\frac{3}{4\pi} V\right)^{1/3} \quad A = 4\pi \left(\frac{3}{4\pi} V\right)^{2/3}$$

$$4. \frac{dA}{dt} = 4\pi \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \left(\frac{3}{4\pi} V\right)^{-1/3} \cdot \frac{3}{4\pi} \frac{dV}{dt}$$



V = Volume

A = Surface Area

r = radius

$$\begin{aligned} \left. \frac{dA}{dt} \right|_{V=36\pi} &= \frac{dA}{dV} \left(\frac{3 \cdot 36\pi}{4\pi} \right)^{-1/3} \cdot \frac{dV}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \\ &= - \left(27 \right)^{-1/3} = -\frac{1}{3} \text{ cm}^2/\text{min} \end{aligned}$$

The surface area is decreasing at a rate of $\frac{1}{3} \text{ cm}^2$ per min.

Test 3

- 15 minutes No Calculator

- 7 multiple choice questions

- 15 minutes 1 FRQ with a calculator

Don't simplify, leave exact
Like the above example

- 20 minutes Non-AP no calculator

- implicit differentiation
- Derivatives/antiderivatives
- Polynomial/rational functions

Derivatives - Simplify first if possible!
Limits

Area under the curve

HA/VA

Characteristics of f'

• 15 minutes 1 FRQ with a calculator
Don't simplify, leave exact (really don't need a calculator)