

Agenda: 9/25/15

HW leader:

Lesson 44

More chain rule

Alternate def of derivative

Period 3

Me

Period 4

Me

Chain Rule: $\frac{d}{dx}(f(g(x))) = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$

or $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$

Ex. 44.3 If $y = \sin t$ and $t = \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}}$ find $\frac{dy}{dz}$

$$\frac{dy}{dz} = \frac{dy}{dt} \cdot \frac{dt}{dz}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \cos t \quad \frac{dt}{dz} = -\frac{1}{2} z^{-3/2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dz} = \cos(t) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2} z^{-3/2}\right) = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2} z^{-3/2} \cos(z^{-1/2})}$$

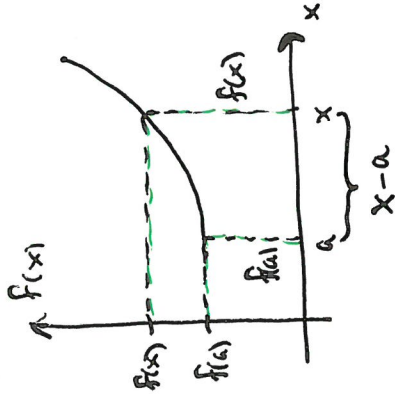
Ex. Find dw if $w = \ln|\sin(x^2+2)|$

$$dw = d(\ln|\sin(x^2+2)|) = \frac{1}{\sin(x^2+2)} \cdot d(\sin(x^2+2))$$

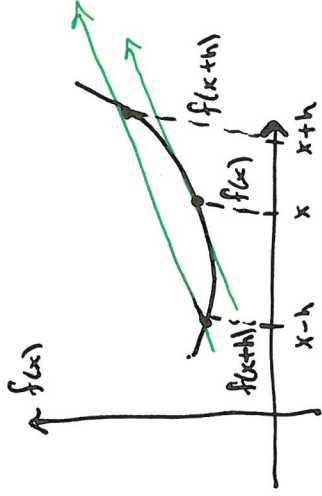
$$= \frac{\cos(x^2+2)}{\sin(x^2+2)} \cdot d(x^2+2)$$

$$= \frac{\cos(x^2+2)}{\sin(x^2+2)} (2x) \cdot dx$$

$$= \boxed{2x \cot(x^2+2) dx}$$

Alternate definitions of the Derivative:

$$f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

Symmetric Derivative

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x-h)}{2h}$$

Ex 4.4.4 Use the alternate def to find $f'(a)$ where $f(x) = x^2 + 1$.

$$\begin{aligned} f'(a) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{(x^2 + 1) - (a^2 + 1)}{x - a} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^2 - a^2}{x - a} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{(x-a)(x+a)}{\cancel{x-a}} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} (x+a) \\ &= \boxed{2a} \end{aligned}$$

Your Turn: Do # 4, 5 on HW