Period

For each problem, find the values of *c* that satisfy the Mean Value Theorem.

1)
$$h(s) = 2s^2 - 3; \quad [-2, 0]$$

2) $g(x) = -x^3 + 12x^2 - 45x + 50; \quad [2, 5]$

For each problem, determine if the Mean Value Theorem can be applied. If it can, find all values of *c* that satisfy the theorem. If it cannot, explain why not.

3)
$$h(w) = \frac{w^2}{3w+6}; \quad [-3, -1]$$

4) $g(x) = \frac{-x^2+9}{3x}; \quad [-6, -1]$

For each problem, determine if Rolle's Theorem can be applied. If it can, find all values of *c* that satisfy the theorem. If it cannot, explain why not.

5)
$$h(s) = \sec(2s); [-\pi, \pi]$$

6) $g(t) = -\sin(2t); [-\pi, \pi]$

7) Let f be the function defined by

f(x) = |x| - 2 on the interval $-2 \le x \le 2$. Does the Mean Value Theorem imply that there exists some number *c* on the intercal

$$(-2, 2)$$
 such that $f'(c) = \frac{f(2) - f(-2)}{4}$?

Explain why or why not.

8) Let *f* be the function defined by f(x) = 1 - |x| on the interval $-1 \le x \le 1$. Does the Rolle's Theorem imply that there exists some number *c* on the intercal (-1, 1) such that f'(c) = 0? Explain why or why not.

9) The speed limit on a highway is 60 mph. At 3:00 PM a police officer sees a car slow down to 55 mph. That office radios another police officer 50 miles down the highway who sees the same car go by at 3:40 PM also at 55 mph. Find the average speed of the car. Did the car ever go above 60 mph? Explain why or why not.

- 10) Suppose that we know that f(x) is continuous and differentiable on $6 \le x \le 15$. Let's also suppose that we know that f(6) = -2 and that $f'(x) \le 10$. What is the largest possible value for f(15)?
- 11) Suppose that we know that f(x) is continuous and differentiable on $-7 \le x \le 0$. Let's also suppose that we know that f(0) = -3 and that $f'(x) \le 2$. What is the smallest possible value for f(-7)?